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regulations and must be submitted in accordance with general instructions issued by HCFA.

- (b) Denial of payment. If HCFA finds that a physician or provider has failed to comply with paragraph (a) of this section, HCFA will deny payment for the implantation, removal, or replacement of any permanent cardiac pacemaker or pacemaker lead, effective 45 days after sending the physician or provider written notice in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) Notice of denial of payment. The notice of denial of payment—
- (1) States the reasons for the determination:
- (2) Grants the physician or provider 45 days from the date of the notice to submit the information or evidence showing that the determination is in error; and
- (3) Informs the physician or provider of its right to hearing.
- (d) Right to hearing. If the denial of payment goes into effect at the expiration of the 45-day period, it constitutes an ''initial determination'' subject to administrative and judicial review under part 498 of this chapter.

[56 FR 8841, Mar. 1, 1991]

## § 410.66 Emergency outpatient services furnished by a nonparticipating hospital and services furnished in Mexico or Canada.

Conditions for payment of emergency outpatient services furnished by a non-participating U.S. hospital and for services furnished in Mexico or Canada are set forth in subparts G and H of part 424 of this chapter.

[53 FR 6634, Mar. 1, 1988; 53 FR 12945, Apr. 20, 1988]

## §410.68 Antigens: Scope and conditions.

Medicare Part B pays for-

- (a) Antigens that are furnished as services incident to a physician's professional services; or
- (b) A supply of antigen sufficient for not more than 12 weeks that is—
- (1) Prepared for a patient by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy who has examined the patient and developed a plan of treatment including dosage levels; and
  - (2) Administered—

(i) In accord with the plan of treatment developed by the doctor of medicine or osteopathy who prepared the antigen; and

(ii) By a doctor of medicine or osteopathy or by a properly instructed person under the supervision of a doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

[54 FR 4026, Jan. 27, 1989]

## §410.69 Services of a certified registered nurse anesthetist or an anesthesiologist's assistant: Basic rule and definitions.

- (a) Basic rule. Medicare Part B pays for anesthesia services and related care furnished by a certified registered nurse anesthetist or an anesthesiologist's assistant who is legally authorized to perform the services by the State in which the services are furnished.
- (b) *Definitions*. For purposes of this part—

Anesthesiologist's assistant means a person who—

- (1) Works under the direction of an anesthesiologist;
- (2) Is in compliance with all applicable requirements of State law, including any licensure requirements the State imposes on nonphysician anesthetists; and
- (3) Is a graduate of a medical school-based anesthesiologist's assistant educational program that—
- (A) Is accredited by the Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation; and
- (B) Includes approximately two years of specialized basic science and clinical education in anesthesia at a level that builds on a premedical undergraduate science background.

Anesthetist includes both an anesthesiologist's assistant and a certified registered nurse anesthetist.

Certified registered nurse anesthetist means a registered nurse who:

- (1) Is licensed as a registered professional nurse by the State in which the nurse practices;
- (2) Meets any licensure requirements the State imposes with respect to nonphysician anesthetists;
- (3) Has graduated from a nurse anesthesia educational program that meets the standards of the Council on Accreditation of Nurse Anesthesia Programs,